

Toward a reliability framework for the observational method

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2016

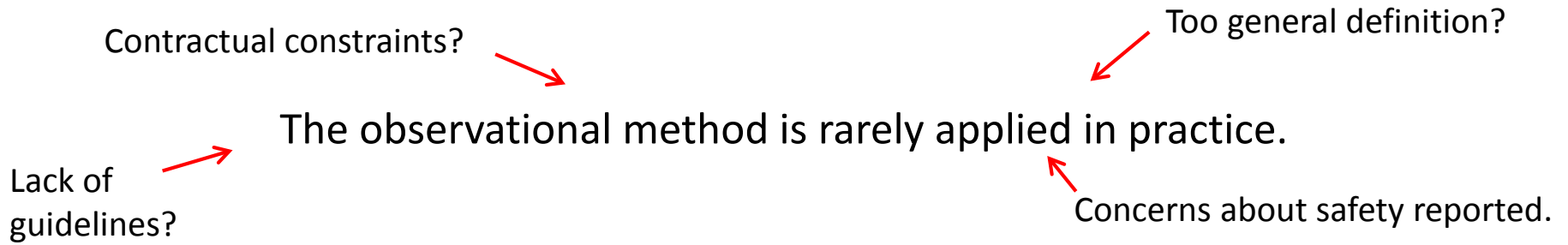


Finansiärer

The observational method

- Prepare a preliminary design:
 - Define in advance alarm limits toward unacceptable behaviour.
 - Plan in advance how to find out whether the behaviour is acceptable or not.
 - Plan what you will do, if the behaviour is found to be unacceptable.
 - Unacceptable behaviour may not occur too often, because contingency actions are usually expensive.
- Observe the behaviour during construction and put contingency actions into operation if they are needed.

Basis for research project



Overall aim of the research project:

- To identify, highlight, and solve the aspects of the observational method that limit its wider application in rock engineering.

Research approach:

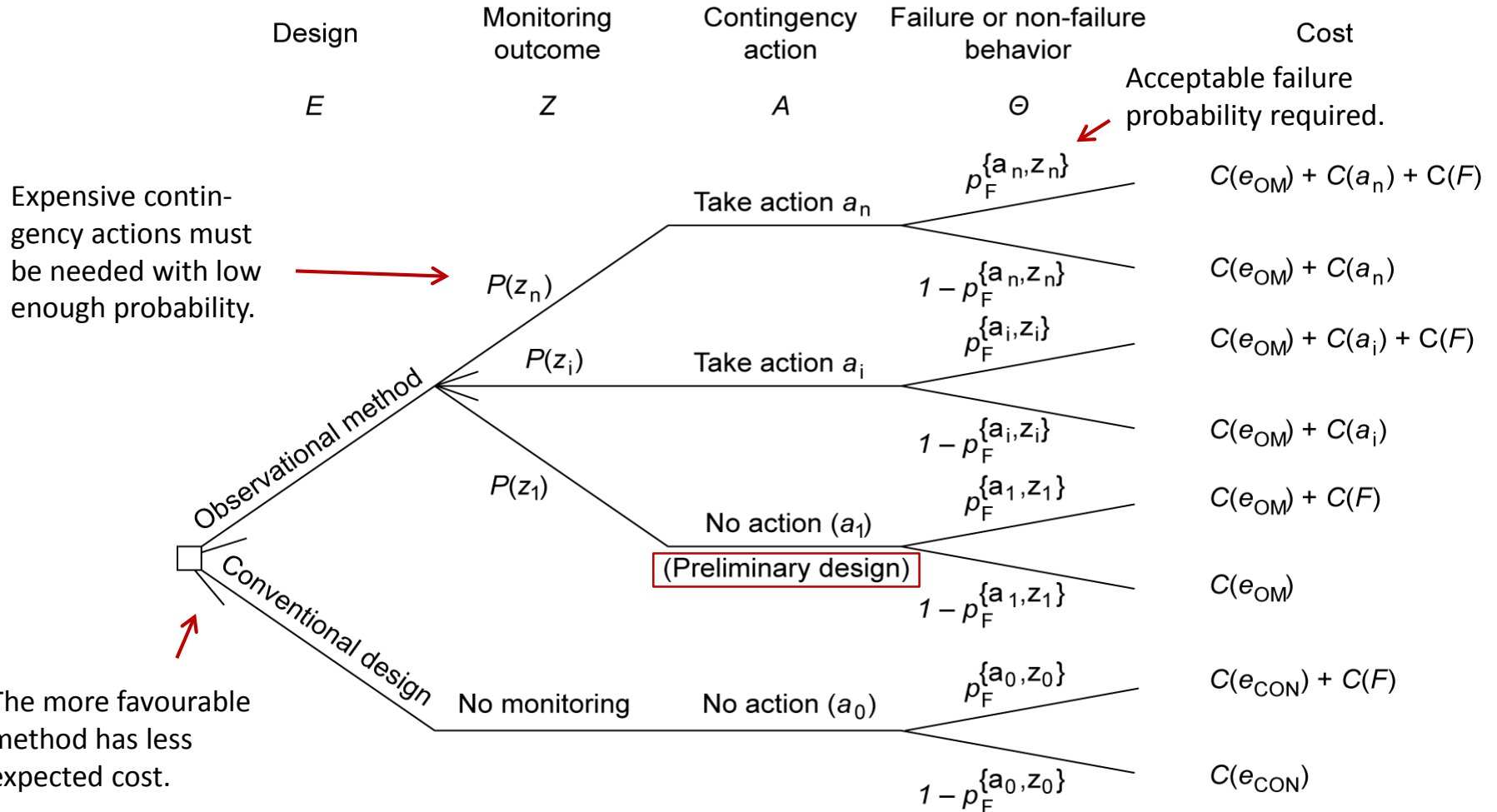
- To combine the observational method with reliability-based design and statistical decision theory into a unified framework.

Why isn't the observational method used today?

Limitations and practical difficulties with the current definition in EC7 were identified:


- The literature reports associations between the observational method and low safety margins.
- No safety margin is required for the observational method in EC7.
- Difficulties in establishing alarm limits toward unacceptable behaviour.
- Difficulties in assessing the probability of exceeding these limits and the need for contingency actions.

Combining reliability-based method with decision theory finds favourable method



Summary of main contributions and conclusions

- A reliability framework for the observational method that combines reliability-based design with Bayesian statistical decision theory is presented.
 - Compares the merits of the observational method with that of conventional design.
 - Ensures structural safety for all design options.
- It is shown how alarm limits for unacceptable behaviour may be established to ensure acceptable structural safety.


$$P(G < 0 | x \leq x_{\text{alarm}}) \leq p_{\text{FT}}$$